

Homework 3 (two was going to Wassermann's talk) and midterm.

1) Show that if  $\phi$  and  $\psi$  are pure states on a  $C^*$ -algebra with  $\|\phi - \psi\| < 2$  then the GNS representations  $\pi_\phi$  and  $\pi_\psi$  are unitarily equivalent. (Hint: show that if they are inequivalent then  $\|\phi - \psi\| = 2$  by considering  $\pi_\phi \oplus \pi_\psi$  and a 2x2 matrix argument. By the bicommutant theorem there things you might not expect to see in  $(\pi_\phi \oplus \pi_\psi)(A)''$ .)

2) If  $\omega_\xi$  and  $\omega_\nu$  are vector states on a  $C^*$ -algebra then

$$\|\omega_\xi - \omega_\nu\| \leq 2\sqrt{1 - |\langle \xi, \nu \rangle|^2}$$

Let  $tr$  denote the usual trace on  $B(\mathcal{H})$  defined on trace-class operators.

3) If  $p$  and  $q$  are projections in  $B(\mathcal{H})$  and  $\phi_p$  and  $\phi_q$  are the two corresponding pure quasi-free states on  $CAR(\mathcal{H})$  show that if  $p - q$  is Hilbert-Schmidt,

$$\|\phi_p - \phi_q\|^2 \leq 2tr((p - q)^2)$$

Hints: Begin with the finite dimensional case and chose onb's  $\{v_i\}$  and  $\{w_i\}$  of the images of  $1 - p$  and  $1 - q$  respectively. Reduce to the case of general position and estimate  $\|\phi_p - \phi_q\|$  in terms of the determinant of the matrix  $(|\langle v_i, w_j \rangle|^2)$ . Also calculate  $tr((p - q)^2)$  in terms of the same matrix. Extend to infinite dimensions by diagonalising  $(p - q)^2$ .

4) The irreducible representations determined by  $\phi_p$  and  $\phi_q$  are unitarily equivalent if  $p - q$  is Hilbert-Schmidt.

Hint: Most of the Hilbert-Schmidt norm sits on a finite dimensional space.

5) Show that if  $\alpha$  is an automorphism of a  $C^*$ -algebra  $A$  and  $\phi$  and  $\phi \circ \alpha$  are equivalent pure states then there is a unitary  $u$  on  $\mathcal{H}_\phi$  with

$$u\pi_\phi(a)u^* = \pi_\phi(\alpha(a))$$

for all  $a \in A$ . Show that  $u$  is unique up to multiplication by a complex number.

6) Let  $\mathcal{H}$  be  $L^2(S^1)$  and  $p$  be the Hardy space projection onto functions with only positive Fourier modes (boundary values of holomorphic functions). Let  $f : S^1 \rightarrow S^1$  be a smooth loop. Show that  $p - fpf^*$  is Hilbert-Schmidt and calculate its Hilbert-Schmidt norm.

7) Deduce from the above the existence of a projective unitary representation of the group of smooth loops  $LS^1$  on the GNS Hilbert space of the quasi-free state for  $p$ .

8) (Extra credit) Investigate the continuity of this projective representation.