Homework due Tuesday 8 Feb.

1) Let  $\mathbb{R}(x)$  be the field of rational functions (with real coefficients) in the variable x. Let  $\mathcal{P}$  be the set of elements of  $\mathbb{R}(x)$  of the form  $\frac{P(x)}{Q(x)}$  where P and Q are polynomials such that the coefficient of the highest power of x is positive. Show that  $\mathcal{P}$  satisfies the properties required to make  $\mathbb{R}(x)$  into an ordered field.

Show that  $\mathbb{R}(x)$  is not Archimedean, hence not complete.

We take the definition of convergence of sequences in an ordered field F to be as for  $\mathbb{R}$ :

$$s_n \to s \iff (\forall \epsilon \in F, \epsilon > 0)(\exists N \in \mathbb{N}) \text{ such that } (n \ge N) \implies (|s_n - s| < \epsilon)$$

Find a sequence of non-zero elements of  $\mathbb{R}(x)$  that tends to zero (and prove that it does).

Exhibit a bounded monotonic sequence in  $\mathbb{R}(x)$  that does not converge (and prove that it doesn't).

- 2) Show that in  $\mathbb{R}$ , and for any  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , any positive element has a unique positive nth. root.
  - 3) Show that the sum of two Cauchy sequences is Cauchy. Same with the product.
  - 4) Do 12.3, 12.4 and 12.10